APPENDIX

- 1. Exhibit B to plaintiff's complaint
- 2. Durham Deposition pp. 69-78
- 3. Answers to Requests for Admissions

524-215-1(9-89)

PENNSYLVANIA STATE POLICE

GREENSBURG REGIONAL LABORATORY P.O. Box "P"

Greensburg, PA 15601-0436

LABORATORY DIVISION

TELEPHONE:

(412) 832-3299

LAB REPORT:

G96-0988-G

REFERENCE NO: E96-0222-S

E96-0469-S

REPORT DATE:

June 18, 1995

INCIDENT NO.: 96-02732-0

CASE:

RAPE

VICTIM:

Jeanette RATTLEY

ACCUSED: Warren DURHAM, Jr.

SUSPECT:

FLACE:

Erie, Erie County, Pennsylvania

DATE:

January 23, 1996

FROM:

Erie Bureau of Police, Erie, Pennsylvania

DATE:

February 27, 1996

ITEMS:

- Dried blood standard from Warren DURHAM, Jr.. (Item #2, E96-X.1
- Dried blood standard from Jeanette RATTLEY, (Item #1, E96-0459 К2 S).
- Vacinal swabs collected from Jeanette RATTLEY, (Item #9a, E36-.01 0222-51.

Specimens containing semen/spermatozoa are extracted in three (3) fractions. Fraction F is enriched for DNA from sources such as white blood cells or epithelial cells (as found in vaginal fluid). Fraction M is enriched for DNA from spermatozoa. The third fraction consists of a direct extract of the material containing the stain. This fraction is Fraction X and may contain DNA from either or both sources of Fraction F and M.

RESULTS:

Deoxyribonucleic Acid (DNA) profiles for genetic loci, D1S7, D2S44, D4S139, D5S110, D10S28, and D17S79 were developed from HAE III digested high molecular weight DNA extracted from specimens K1, K2 and Q1.

E95-0469-S

June 18, 1996 96-02732-0

Based upon these results, the DNA profile for Fraction M of specimen Q1 matches specimen K1 at genetic loci D1S7, D2S44, D5S110, D10S28, and D17S79. The probability of randomly selecting an unrelated individual having the same profile is rarer than 1 in 5.5 billion in the Caucasian, African American and Hispanic populations. Genetic locus D4S139 was inconclusive due to insufficient high molecular weight DNA but does not exclude specimen K1 as a source of the DNA found in Fraction M of specimen Q1.

Fraction X of specimen Q1 is consistent with a mixture of K1 and K2 at genetic loci D2S44, D4S139, DSS110, D10S28 and D17S79. Genetic locus D1S7 was inconclusive.

Fraction F of specimen Ql matches specimen K2 at genetic loci D1S7, D2S44, D4S139, D5S110, D1OS28 and D17S79.

DISPOSITION:

THE EVIDENCE MUST BE PICKED UP WITHIN THIRTY (30) DAYS FROM THE REGIONAL LABORATORY.

THE REMAINING PROCESSED DNA FROM SPECIMENS EXAMINED BY DNA ANALYSIS IS INCLUDED IN THE PACKAGED EVIDENCE AND CAN BE FOUND IN A PACKAGE MARKED "PROCESSED DNA SAMPLES SHOULD BE REFRIGERATED OR FROZEN." IT IS RECOMMENDED THAT THE EVIDENCE BE STORED IN A REFRIGERATOR OR MANUAL FREEZER AND ISOLATED FROM EVIDENCE THAT HAS NOT BEEN EXAMINED.

Scott F. Ermlick Laboratory Manager

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COPIES: Chief, Erie Bureau of Police

Attn: Det. J. Washburn

Forensic Scientist Bruce Tackett Greensburg Regional Laboratory **EXHIBIT 2**

Warren Durham, Jr. v. City of Erie, et al.

1 (Pages 1 to 4)

Page 3 Page 1 WARREN DURHAM, JR., first having IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT 1 FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA 2 been duly sworn, testified as follows: WARREN DURHAM, CR. 3 Plaintiff Case No. 04-29/ Eric 4 DIRECT EXAMINATION CITY OF ERIE, PENNSYLVANIA, : COUNTY OF ERIE, PENNSYLVANIA, : CHRISTOPHER MCELINN, BRUCE TACKETT, JAMFS WASHBURN, PATRICK DURKIN, and FRED P. : 5 BY MR. JOYAL: 6 7 Q. Mr. Durham, we met. My name's Ed Joyal, and I ANTHONY, represent the City of Erie and two of the Erie police 8 Defendants Deposition of WARREN DURHAM, JR., taken before 9 officers, Officer Washburn and Officer Durkin, that you've Deposition of WARREN DURHAM, JR., taken become and by Sondra A. Black, Notary Public in and for the Commonwealth of Peansylvania, on Menday, June 19, 2006, commencing at 10:00 a.h., at the law offices of Knox McGlaughlin Gorinell & Sennett, PC, 120 West Tenth Street, Erie, Pennsylvania 16501. 10 sued in your lawsuit here in the US District Court up here in 11 12 What we're doing today is, we're taking your For the Plaintiff: deposition. And what that basically means is, you've already Warren Durham, Jr., Pro Se 12119 Matherson Avenue been sworn in, and you're under oath. I'm going to ask you a 1.4 Cleveland, OH 44135 For City of Erie, Officer James Washburn, and officer Patrick Dirkin: Edmond R. Joyal, Jr., Esquire Law Office of Joseph S. Weimer 975 Two Chatham Center Pittsburgh, PA 15219 For Bruce Tackett: Kemal Alexander Mericli, Esquire Office of the Attorney General 564 Forbes Avenue Sixth Ficor, Manor Complex Pittsburgh, PA 15219 15' series of questions, and Sondra's going to take down my questions and your answers. And then she's going to put together a transcript. You sort of see one -- she's got one 18 in front of her, which is like a trial transcript. You've seen something like that, right? 20 A. Yes, 21 Q. At the end of the deposition, you'll have a right to 22 make a judgement as to whether or not you want Sondra to send Reported by Soncra A. Black Ferguson & Holdnack Reporting, inc. 23 you or make arrangements for you to read this transcript, 24 check it for accuracy and sign it, or waive that. What 25 waiving signature means basically is --Page 4 Page 2 1 (Pause in the proceedings.) INDEX 2 2 WARREN DURHAM, JR. Q. Anyway, Mr. Durham, to finish up, you have a right 3 to make arrangements to read this deposition transcript. Direct Examination by Mr. Joyal.....3 There will also be a correction sheet attached to it. If you 4 Cross-Examination by Mr. Mericli......68 5 Continued Direct Examination by Mr. Joyal.....77 believe anything was taken down incorrectly, your answers weren't taken down correctly, you have a right to put those 6 7 7 corrections on the sheet, and then you sign it and send it 8 8 back to the court reporter, to Sondra. 9 9 What I will tell you is, if you do anything other 10 10 than correct spellings, change your answers in any 11 substantive way, we will have the right then to ask you to 12 come back and explain to us under oath why you changed those answers, and the same thing would be said should this case go 13 13 14 14 to trial. Do you understand? 15 1.5 A Yes 16 16 Q. State your name for the record, if you would. 17 17 A. Warren Durham, Jr. 18 18 Q. Where do you live, sir? 19 19 A. Cleveland, Ohio. 20 2.0 Q. Give me your street address. 21 21 A. 12119 Matherson, M-A-T-H-E-R-S-O-N, Avenue, 22 Cleveland, Ohio. 22 23 23 Q. How long have you lived there? 24 24 A. 50 years. 25 25 Q. How old are you?

Warren Durham, Jr. v. City of Erie, et al.

18 (Pages 69 to 72)

Page 69 Page 71 A. Do you mean could I discuss that with you? scientific techniques to examine evidence that's been 1 2 submitted to the laboratory by law enforcement personnel. Do you know what probable cause -- the term 3 "probable cause" means? You have alleged that my clients had Different police departments in the area utilize our 4 no probable cause to seize you. Do you know what probable 4 services. I examine that evidence, 5 cause means? "I was -- I have a Bachelor's Degree in chemistry A. Yes, I do. from Indiana University of Pennsylvania, and a Master of Science Degree in forensic chemistry from the University of Q. What does it mean to you? 8 A. I would have to read it from there. I don't retain Pittsburgh. 9 9 this information. "I was trained as a forensic scientist by the 1.0 Q. I'll give you all the -- if you believe that the 1.0 Commonwealth of Virginia, where I worked in that bureau of 11 11 laboratories -- forensic laboratories for approximately a definition of probable cause is contained in any of the 12 documents you have. I'll give you as much time as you need year and a half. And since February of 1984, I have been 13 working as a forensic scientist in the State Police to read them. 14 MR. JOYAL: Why don't we take a little break here. 14 laboratory here in Erie. 15 (Recess taken from 11:49 a.m. to 11:54 a.m.) 15 "A forensic serutology -- in forensic serutology, I 16 examine blood stains and other bodily fluids to determine 17 CROSS-EXAMINATION whether or not a crime has been committed, and possibly 18 BY MR. MERICLI: 18 differentiate the person that could have deposited those 19 19 stains ' 20 20 Q. Mr. Durham, I represent Mr. Tackett, Bruce Tackett. "Question: Can you tell us if you were involved in 21 21 Do you recall whether or not he testified at either of your the testing or -- the testing of evidence of a Janette Ratley 22 trials? and a case involving Warren Durham?" 23 23 A. He testified at the first trial. I wasn't even at "Answer: Yes. I did analyze some items in that 24 the second trial. 24 case." 25 25 Q. So do you recall the gist of his testimony at the 'Question: And can you tell us what it was that you Page 70 Page 72 1 first trial? analyzed." A. I have it here before me in the transcript. "Answer: I received some clothing from the victim. 3 Q. Could you read it for us onto the record. some clothing from the suspect, and a sealed sex crime kit 4 A. Yes. Just a moment. Mr. -- okay. 66. Mr. from the victim. The sealed sex crime kit contained vaginal 5 McElynn, the case prosecutor, called Bruce Kevin Tackett as a swabs and smears; oral and rectal smears; genital swabbings; 6 witness. He was sworn in, and he testified as following: 6 dried secretions; public (sic) hair combings and public (sic) That -- it said, "Mr. Tackett, could you" -- let me say, hair standards; head hair standards; fingernail clippings; 8 first, now this goes to -- from Page 67 -- from Page 66 over blood and saliva standards; and a nasal mucus sample. I also 9 to Page 74. received a sex crime kit from Warren Durham that contained a 10 Q. That's fine. Can you just read the entire exchange 10 blood standard, saliva standard, and head and pubic hair 11 then. 11 standards " 12 12 A. Question by Mr. McElynn: "Mr. Tackett, could you "Question: Now, sir, the rape kit that you 13 give us your name and your business address for the record, 13 received, can you tell us what evidence was contained in that 14 please, sir." 14 rape kit." 15 15 "Answer: My name is Bruce Kevin Tackett. I work at "Answer: Well, the rape kit from Janette Ratley 16 the State Police crime laboratory, which is located in 16 contained the items that I stated before, vaginal swabs and 17 17 Lawrence Park, Pennsylvania." smears and the like." 18 1.8 "Question: And, Mr. Tackett, can you tell us how "Question: Did those vaginal swabs or other swabs 19 long you have served with the Pennsylvania State Police." 19 that were taken in the case indicate the presence of seminal

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fluids or semen?"

"Answer: Yes. I detected the presence of semen on

the vaginal swabs and smears and rectal swabs and smears. In

addition, in the crouch (sic) of the victim's panties there

was a panty liner present, and on that panty liner, and also

in the crouch (sic) of the panties, there was some seminal

little bit over 12 years now."

"Answer: I have been a forensic scientist with the

"Question: And, sir, could you just briefly explain

Pennsylvania State Police since February of 1984. So a

for the jury what it is that a forensic scientist does."

"Answer: As a forensic scientist, I utilize

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Warren Durham, Jr. v. City of Erie, et al.

19 (Pages 73 to 76)

Page 73

material detected." 2 "Question: Now, were you able to take that seminal

fluid from those various swabs and articles of clothing?"

4 "Answer: Yes, I was."

"Question: What did you do with them?"

6 "Answer: I analyzed -- I analyzed using

conventional serutology. That is, type and analysis that I

8 performed here. I analyzed the seminal material or the 9 rectal swabs and smears, and also from the crouch (sic) of

10 the victim's panties. And I was able to determine an ABO

11 blood type and PGM, which is an enzyme type from that. And

12 the type that I got was consistent with having come from the

victim. I could not exclude -- it was not foreign from the

14 victim. I could not exclude the suspect from these samples.

15 I took the samples from the vaginal swabs, I took the vaginal

16 swabs and sent them to the Greensburg laboratory of the State

17 Police system where they performed DNA testing."

18 "Question: Let's back up a little bit. You said 19 the tests that you did showed that these are really

20 preliminary tests that you do; is that correct? They are not

21 as involved as a DNA testing?"

22 "Answer: With the advent of DNA technology, they 23 are considered to be preliminary testing now. They used to

24 be considered much more than that, but there have been many

further advances in forensic science since that period of

time. These are considered preliminary testing. I did not test the vaginal swab because I wanted to send the entire sample that I had for a DNA testing. The other testings that I did, I got blood typing results consistent with having come from the victim. That's what I would expect from vaginal

6 swabs, and, also, from the crouch (sic) of her panties."

"Question: But you also said that these were preliminary tests, that you did not exclude the Defendant."

9 "Answer, that is -- that's correct. He is a 10 nonsecretor. I could not pick up his ABO blood type from any of his body fluids, i.e., semen or saliva or anything else 12 that might be present. The PGM type of Janette Ratley was

13 different from the one from Warren Durham. I picked up the 14 PGM type, which is the enzyme I tested. I picked up that PGM

15 type from her, I did not detect his. However, the amount of

16 sample present from her was much higher than the amount of 17 semen present."

18 "Question: Now, you told us that you took some of 19 the vaginal swabs and sent those down to the Greensburg lab; 20 is that correct?"

21 "Answer: Yes, I did." 22

"Question: And where those samples subjected to DNA

2.3 testing?"

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24 "Answer: Yes, they were. Along with these samples, I had requested and obtained fresh blood standards from

Page 76

Janette Ratley and Warren Durham, Jr. These were submitted

2 to the laboratory; dry samples of those were prepared and

sent along with the vaginal swab so that the DNA lab would

have an opportunity to prepare the blood standards of the two

people to the vaginal swabs."

"Ouestion: Was that done in this case?"

"Answer: Yes, it was."

8 "Question: Was a report prepared showing what the

9 results of that testing is?"

"Answer: Yes, it was."

11 "Question: Have you received or reviewed a copy of

12 that report?"

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"Answer: Yes, I have."

"Question: The Greensburg lab sent a copy to you;

15 is that correct?"

16 "Answer: Yes. I received a copy from the

17 Greensburg laboratory."

18 "Question: Could you explain to the jury what the

19 DNA test results were."

"THE COURT: Before he gives test results, Mr.

Durham, you have the right to cross-examine an expert witness

on his qualifications. That is, if you feel for some reason

23 he is not qualified as an expert, you may question him on his

24 qualifications. Do you have any questions on his

qualifications as an expert in the field of forensic

Page 74

1 science?"

> "THE COURT: Mr. Durham remains silent. I take it that means he has no questions on the qualifications. You

4 may proceed."

"MR. MCELYNN: Question: Thank you, Your Honor. 6 Mr. Tackett, I'll ask you again, did you have an opportunity to review the test results of the DNA testing."

"Answer: Yes, I did."

g "Question: And could you briefly describe those for

10 the jury."

"Answer: The vaginal swabs and smears were 12 extracted for high molecular weight DNA. DNA is basic building blocks that is present in all nucleated cells in 14 your body. The DNA is essentially -- essentially has the 15 code for everything that you look like. All your genetic

16 information is included in the DNA.

17 "So they extracted the DNA from the vaginal swabs 18 and smears; they also extracted the DNA from the blood 19 samples that I provided to them. They compared the DNA from

the seminal material and found that the male fraction, i.e., that fraction that was collected from the semen itself, the

22 sperm cells, matched the DNA of Warren Durham.

23 "They provided some statistics, stating that the 24 possibility of finding an unrelated individual that would have the same DNA profile that they identified was rarer than

it's in her testimony. I asked you whether you knew about it

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20 (Pages 77 to 80)

Page 79 Page 77 CONTINUED DIRECT EXAMINATION t in 5.5 billion in the African-American population. Caucasian population, or Hispanic population." 2 BY MR. JOYAL: 3 "Question: Does that essentially mean that the 3 4 Q. Mr. Durham, back to what we were talking about. I 4 semen samples that were obtained from Janette Ratley matched 5 the DNA of Warren Durham?" believe we were talking about probable cause and your allegations against both Mr. Durkin and Mr. Washburn. 6 "Answer: Yes. That's what that means." 7 7 "Question: And you said it was 1 in 5.5 billion?" A. I had a legal definition of probable cause that I 8 "Answer: That's the statistics that they printed 8 had filed in a brief to the court concerning this case. I out or they put into the report. They stated that it was thought it was in here, but it's not. 10 rarer than 1 in 5.5 billion. Population of the world is 1.0 O. Do you recall that that definition said a reasonable 11 suspicion that a crime had occurred and that the person they 11 approximately 5 1/2 billion people. So, essentially, 12 although every person in the world has not been tested for 12 were investigating had committed the crime? 13 13 their DNA profile, it is extremely unlikely that anyone other A. I would -- I wouldn't recall exactly. 14 than Warren Durham would have deposited that semen in Janette 14 Q. Does any of that sound familiar to you? Ratley's vaginal swabs." 15 15 A. I -- I wouldn't really recall. 16 "Question: You say the chance would have to be 16 Q. Well, do you think that maybe you tried to get a 17 1.7 greater than 1 in 5.5 billion?" definition of probable cause before you filed your Complaint 18 "Answer: Greater than 1 in 5.5 billion." 18 alleging that they had no probable cause to arrest you? 19 19 "Questions: Thank you. I have no further A. I remember utilizing the legal definition of 20 20 probable cause in one of my memorandums of law. auestions." 21 21 "THE COURT: Mr. Durham, if you have any questions, Q. Let's go through, if we could -- and I'm going to allow you, if you want to take a look at this, to see it. 22 22 now is your time to ask them of this witness." 23 "THE COURT: The Defendant remains silent. I 23 But let me just -- let me tell you a couple things -- or let 24 presume he has no questions. You may step down." me ask you if you knew these things, all right, from the 25 "MR. McELYNN: We will call Janette Ratley." trial. And I presume -- I think you stopped -- the Page 78 Page 80 1 Q. Thank you, Mr. Durham. Can you tell me, sir, what transcript there said that they were going to call Ms. Ratley 2 it is you say that Mr. Tackett did that violated your as a witness right after Mr. Tackett? 3 3 A. Yes. constitutional rights? 4 A. I don't have a copy of the Complaint. 4 Q. So do you have her testimony there? Q. Well, what -- do you have any idea of why you think 5 Yes. Α. 6 he violated your constitutional rights? 6 May I see it, because I don't have a copy of it with A. Well, I would hesitate to guess. me. I think you just probably took the pen out from where it 8 Q. It's your lawsuit, sir. So I wonder, what is it 8 was. Just let me have it, I'll take a look at it. You can 9 9 that you say he did wrong that violated your constitutional take your papers out of there. 10 10 A. Yes. That's where her testimony starts, Page 74. 11 11 A. Again, I don't have a copy of the Complaint, and I Do you know what an eightball is? 12 would really hesitate to, at this time, guess what it may or 12 A. Do I know? 13 13 may not say. Ο. Yes 14 Q. Would you agree with me, then, sir, that whatever it 14 I have no idea. 15 is you say is in the Complaint? 15 Q. So you don't know whether eightball has anything to 16 A. Yes. 16 do with crack cocaine, do you? 17 17 MR. MERICLI: I have no further questions. A. I have no idea. 18 MR. JOYAL: Do you want to stay with us, Kem, or --18 Q. It wasn't one of the things that you were involved 19 MR. MERICLI: You know, if you're going to wrap it 19 in when we were talking about your criminal record for drug 20 up for your 1:00 appointment, I'd just as soon stay. 20 21 21 MR. JOYAL: That's fine. A. I don't recall any reference to an eightball that we 22 22 MR. MERICLI: Thank you. I do appreciate your 23 courtesy, and I still would like to order the 23 Q. All right. You and I -- no, I didn't ask you that. 24 transcript. I know we didn't discuss it. I just brought it up because

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Warren Durham, Jr. v. City of Erie, et al.

21 (Pages 81 to 84)

Page 81 Page 83 and whether you knew it was crack cocaine. And you said, no. Q. So he put you on a regimen of drug tests? And I asked you whether that -- crack cocaine had anything to 2 Yes. And after you went through a certain period of time do with your drug abuse arrest. 4 with the drug testing he dismissed the charge? A. No. A. No. From day one I took them. 5 Q. Did crack --6 From day one of the time you were arrested? A. No. Q. What type of drug was it? 8 8 A. What type of drug was what? But it does talk about cocaine. Q. Q. Was involved in your -- remember we were talking 9 A. I don't know, I never seen it. 10 10 about the Cleveland arrest for drug abuse? Remember that? Q. I just read it to you, sir. I said, it said You and I were talking about your criminal record? cocaine. Does your recollection of the drug that you were 12 12 charged with abusing or possessing -- was cocaine of some A. Let me say this so maybe you can understand my 13 13 position, I have a very short-term memory. I take sort? 14 14 medications, and I did bring --15 Q. What medications do you take? 15 Q. Your recollection is not that it was? 16 16 A. Right. That's my recollection. A. Number of them. 17 17 Q. Tell me about them. Well, let's do it this way: Q. Let's go back to the probable cause. At the trial 18 What medications do you take that affect your memory? 18 Ms. Ratley testified about a man, described him as a black 19 A. I take medication for depression, for personality 19 male with shoulder-length gray hair, right? 20 disorder, I -- I brung a list of them. 20 If that's what that transcript says, I agree. 21 O. Why don't you get the list out. 21 Q. Do you have a recollection -- okay. You agree with 22 22 me. And at the time you were a black male with long gray A. And I left them in my other briefcase in the car. 23 Q. Let's go back then, all right, since you say that. 23 hair? 24 24 We're talking about the 1990 entry here, Agency Case I still am a black male. 25 25 No. 193915, Cleveland Police Department, "Charge 1: Drug Q. But your hair is not --Page 84 abuse, cocaine." This is the one where we talked about on 1 A. Shorter hair. 11/29/1990 that there was a guilty, fine, three-years' Q. -- not long. You also understood that she gave the probation. That was the one you told me at some other point police a license plate from Ohio. That when they ran it, 4 came back registered to a vehicle registered in your name. in time the judge came and took that away. A. Okay. Let me --6 Q. Then we talked about another one, which was 4/6/90, Q. No. Do you understand that that's what happened? 7 which had to do with, again, the Sheriff's office of A. Because there is a case pending against your 8 8 Cleveland, drugs and possession of criminal tools. Now, clients --9 did --9 Q. Which is what we're talking about. 10 10 A. That's --A. Another case. 11 11 Q. Well, that one, I believe, has already been Q. Now, one of these talks about cocaine. Was that 12 12 crack cocaine? dismissed. 13 A. It's only one of them that occurred. Now, the 13 A. That one has not. 14 other --14 Q. Sir, you don't have a right not to answer my 1.5 Q. Which one occurred? 15 questions in a civil proceeding. 16 A. Where the judge initially found me guilty, and later 16 A. I'm not refusing to answer your questions. I'm --17 on, and I can't recall how much later on, dismissed all of 1 17 it's to your advantage to hear this. If you don't want to 18 them. hear it, I'll tell you. 19 19 Q. I'll make a judgment as to whether it's to my 20 20 advantage. Tell me --A. I never had -- and just let me finish. I never 21 21 had -- the court monitored my blood, took urines, I have A. I'll make a -- what was your question? 2.2 never ever had a dirty urine or cocaine found in my system. Q. Do you know that Ms. Ratley gave license plate 23 Q. That was part of this thing where the judge 23 number, that we've already discussed, an Ohio license plate 24 dismissed it? 24 WOT-579, that subsequently came back, when the police checked 2.5 Right. 25 it out, registered as a vehicle that you owned?

EXHIBIT 3

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA

WARREN DURHAM JR., Plaintiff V. CITY OF ERIE, ET AL. Defendants.	 C.A. No. 04-297 ERIE District Judge McLaughlin Magistrate Judge Baxter 	
ANSWERS TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSIONS		
Pursuant to Fed.R.Civ.P. 36 the Plainti	ff Warren Durham Jr. requests Defendant Bruce	
Kevin Tackett to make the following admissions or denials for the purpose of this action only and		
subject to all pertinent objections to admissibility which may be interposed at the trial:		
1. That each of the following statements is true or false.		
a. That during Plaintiff's criminal trial on July 9, 1996 at 435 of 1996 you worked as a forensic		
scientist for the City of Erie Police Department. [] True [] False		
b. That the DNA report you received from the Pennsylvania State Police Greensburg Laboratory		
(Lab Report G-96-0988-G, Report Date June 18, 1996) was inconclusive due to insufficient high		
molecular weight DNA at genetic locus D4S139; and inconclusive at genetic locus D1S7. [] True		
[] False		
c. That according to the DNA report from the Gre	eensburg Lab, no genetic locus tested conclusively	
at all 6 genetic locus concerning the Plaintiff. [] True [] False		
d. That during the Plaintiff's criminal trial on .	July 9, 1996, the Pennsylvania State Police Labs	
focused on six different genetic locus areas to determine matches. [] True [] False		
e. That in July of 1996 under Pennsylvania state	e law, a DNA match is only conclusive when all 6	
genetic locus are found. [] True [] False		
f. That you omitted telling the jury in Plaintiff's criminal trial that the DNA report from the		
Greensburg Lab was inconclusive. [] True [] False		
That in the DNA report from the Creenshurg Lab freeture V which consist of a direct extract of		

12119 MATHERSON AVE. CLEVELAND, OH. 44135

the material containing the stain, that comes from fraction F (vaginal fluid) and fraction M (spermatozoa) is inconclusive at genetic locus D4S139. [] True [] False h. That in the DNA report from the Greensburg Lab, fraction X of specimen Q1 (vaginal swabs) and a mixture of K1 (dried blood standard of Plaintiff) and K2 (dried blood mixture of Rattley) was inconclusive at genetic locus D1S7. [] True [] False i. That you testified falsely at Plaintiff's criminal trial when stating to the trial court and jury that the DNA report from the Greensburg Lab conclusively matched the DNA of the Plaintiff. [] True [] False i. That because you testified falsely at Plaintiff's criminal trial of a DNA match before the jury, it violated Plaintiff's constitutional rights to a fair trial. [] True [] False k. That under Pennsylvania law at the time of Plaintiff's criminal trial as announced by the Pennsylvania Supreme Court, testimony about the statistical probability of a random DNA match was not admissible in Pennsylvania state courts. [] True [] False l. That you did DNA testing on Plaintiff's clothing. [] True [] False m. That you did DNA testing on the crime scene car. [] True [] False n. That you unsealed the sex crime kit and tested, then analyzed the vaginal swabs contained inside. [] True [] False See attached. Answers:

DATED: 5/24/06

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA

WILLIAM DURHAM, JR.,)
Plaintiff,)
v.) Civil Action No. 04-297 Erie
CITY AND COUNTY OF ERIE, et al.,)
Defendants.)

ANSWERS TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSIONS BY BRUCE TACKETT

- 1. a. False.
- b. False as stated. See attached lab report which speaks for itself and is not inconclusive: although inconclusive at the specified loci as represented these features did not exclude Mr. Durham.
 - c. False as stated. See answer preceding.
 - d. True, as clarified by attached lab report.
 - e. False.
 - f. False because it was not: see answer at b.
 - g. See answer to d.
 - h. See answer above.
- i. False. See attached lab report. Moreover, Mr. Durham's successful defense at his retrial was that the sex was consensual.
 - j. False: Mr. Tackett did not testify falsely.

- False. k.
- False: the Greensburg State Police Lab did the DNA testing. 1.
- False. m.
- True. n.

By: s/Kemal Alexander Mericli Kemal Alexander Mericli Senior Deputy Attorney General

OFFICE OF ATTORNEY GENERAL 6th Floor, Manor Complex 564 Forbes Avenue Pittsburgh, PA 15219

Date: June 21, 2006

SP4-215-1(9-39)

PENNSYLVANIA STATE POLICE LABORATORY DIVISION GREENSBURG REGIONAL LABORATORY

P.O. Box "P" Greensburg, PA 15601-0436

TELEPHONE: (412) 832-3299

LAB REPORT: G96-0988-G

REFERENCE NO: E96-0222-S

REPORT DATE: June 18, 1995

E95-0469-S

INCIDENT NO.: 96-02732-0

CASE: RAPE

VICTIM: ACCUSED:

Jeanette RATTLEY Warren DURHAM, Jr.

SUSPECT:

PLACE:

Erie, Erie County, Pennsylvania

:ETAC

January 23,, 1996

FROM:

Erie Bureau of Police, Erie, Pennsylvania

DATE:

February 27, 1996

ITEMS:

- Dried blood standard from Warren DURHAM, Jr. (Item #2, E96-0459-51.
- K2 Dried blood standard from Jeanette RATTLEY, (Item #1, E96-046 S).
- .01 Vacinal swabs collected from Jeanette RATTLEY, (Item #9a, E35) 0222-S).

Specimens containing semen/spermatozoa are extracted in thre-(3) fractions. Fraction F is enriched for DNA from sources such as white blood cells or epithelial cells (as found in vaginal fluid). Fraction M is enriched for DNA from spermatozoa. The third fraction consists of a direct extract of the material containing the stain. This fraction is Fraction X and may contain DNA from either or both sources of Fraction F and M.

RESULTS:

Deoxyribonucleic Acid (DNA) profiles for genetic loci, D1S7, D2S44, D4S139, D5S110, D10S28, and D17S79 were developed from HAE III digested high molecular weight DNA extracted from specimens K1, K2 and Q1.

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E95-0459-S

June 18, 1996 95-02732-0

Based upon these results, the DNA profile for Fraction M of specimen Q1 matches specimen K1 at genetic loci D1S7, D2S44, D5S110, D10S28, and D17S79. The probability of randomly selecting an unrelated individual having the same profile is rarer than 1 in 5.5 billion in the Caucasian, African America and Hispanic populations. Genetic locus D4S139 was inconclusive due to insufficient high molecular weight DNA budges not exclude specimen K1 as a source of the DNA found in Fraction M of specimen Q1.

Fraction X of specimen Q1 is consistent with a mixture of K1 and K2 at genetic loci D2S44, D4S139, D5S110, D10S28 and D17S79. Genetic locus D1S7 was inconclusive.

Fraction F of specimen Q1 matches specimen K2 at genetic loci D1S7, D2S44, D4S139, D5S110, D10S28 and D17S79.

DISPOSITION:

THE EVIDENCE MUST BE PICKED UP WITHIN THIRTY (30) DAYS FROM THE REGIONAL LABORATORY.

THE REMAINING PROCESSED DNA FROM SPECIMENS EXAMINED BY DNA ANALYSIS IS INCLUDED IN THE PACKAGED EVIDENCE AND CAN BE FOUNT IN A PACKAGE MARKED "PROCESSED DNA SAMPLES SHOULD BE REFRIGERATED OR FROZEN." IT IS RECOMMENDED THAT THE EVIDENCE BE STORED IN A REFRIGERATOR OR MANUAL FREEZER AND ISOLATED FROEVIDENCE THAT HAS NOT BEEN EXAMINED.

Scott F. Ermilick Laboratory Manager

Jad

COPIES: Chief, Erie Bureau of Police

Attn: Det. J. Washburn

Forensic Scientist Bruce Tackett Greensburg Regional Laboratory

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA

WILLIAM DURHAM, JR.,)
Plaintiff,)
V.) Civil Action No. 04-297 Erie
CITY AND COUNTY OF ERIE, et al.,)
Defendants.)

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that a true and correct copy of the within Answers to Request for Admissions by Bruce Tackett was served upon the following via first-class mail on June 21, 2006.

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enior Deputy Attorney General

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